

# Dualities for compact Hausdorff spaces

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Stone's representation theorem for Boolean algebras [Stone, 1936]:  
Boolean algebras are dual to Stone spaces (= compact Hausdorff spaces with a basis of closed open sets).

$$\mathbf{BA} \cong \mathbf{Stone}^{\text{op}}.$$

From the late Thirties: various dualities for the category **KHaus** of compact Hausdorff spaces and continuous functions.

They associate to a compact Hausdorff space  $X$ :

1. Continuous functions from  $X$  to  $\mathbb{R}$  (or  $\mathbb{C}$  or  $[0, 1]$ ).

Motivations: represent structures of interest in functional analysis / many-valued logic.

2. Subsets of  $X$ .

Motivations: do an algebraic approach to compactifications / obtain a logical calculus for compact Hausdorff spaces.

## Dualities via subsets

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The posets of open subsets of compact Hausdorff spaces can be characterized as the compact regular frames.

**Theorem ([Isbell, 1972])**

*The category of compact Hausdorff spaces is dually equivalent to the category of compact regular frames.*

Now one can obtain an equivalence for compact regular frames and compose it with Isbell's theorem to obtain a duality for compact Hausdorff spaces.

$$\mathbf{KHaus} \longleftrightarrow \mathbf{KRFrm} \longleftrightarrow ???$$

Isbell's theorem takes care of the hard work of passing from a space to a pointfree structure.

[de Vries, 1962] obtained a duality associating to  $X \in \mathbf{KHaus}$  the set of regular open subsets of  $X$ . Hindsight: it factors through  $\mathbf{KHaus} \leftrightarrow \mathbf{KRFrm}$ .

**KHaus** is equivalent to a category whose objects are first-order defined structures and whose morphisms are certain relations ([Moshier, 2004], specializing [Jung, Sünderhauf, 1996], building on [Smyth, 1977]).

**Theorem ([A., Bezhanishvili, Carai, 2022])**

**KHaus** is dually equivalent to the category of *S5-subordination algebras*.

An *S5-subordination algebra* is a pair  $(B, \prec)$ , where  $B$  is a Boolean algebra and  $\prec$  is a binary relation on  $B$  satisfying certain first-order axioms. The morphisms of *S5-subordination algebras* are certain relations.

(The functors can be obtained composing the duality **KHaus**  $\leftrightarrow$  **KRFrm** with a restriction of an equivalence for continuous domains [Vickers, 1993].)

# Dualities via real-valued functions

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## Dualities for **KHaus**:

- [Gelfand, Kolmogoroff, 1939],
- [Krein, Krein, 1940],
- [Kakutani, 1941],
- [Stone, 1941],
- [Yosida, 1941],
- [Gelfand, Neumark, 1943].

[Stone, 1941]: **KHaus** is dually equivalent to the category of Archimedean metrically complete divisible lattice-ordered groups with strong unit.

[A., Marra, Spada]: duality for Archimedean metrically complete ~~divisible~~ lattice-ordered groups with strong unit.



[Cignoli, Dubuc, Mundici, 2003]: duality for locally finite MV-algebras.

[Marra, Spada, 2012]: duality for finitely presented MV-algebras.



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**Are locally finite MV-algebras a variety?**

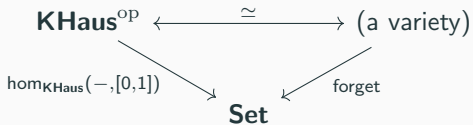
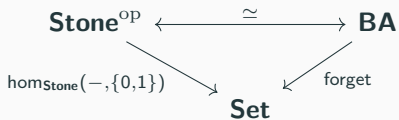
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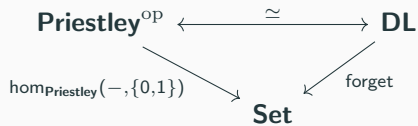


### Theorem ([Duskin, 1969])

$\text{hom}_{\mathbf{KHaus}}(-, [0,1]): \mathbf{KHaus}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathbf{Set}$  is monadic.

**DL** := category of bounded distributive lattices.

**Priestley** := category of Priestley spaces.



Stone sp. : compact Hausd. sp. = Priestley sp. : compact ordered spaces.

Introduced by [Nachbin, 1965].

**CompOrd** := category of compact ordered spaces and continuous order-preserving functions.



**Theorem ([A., 2019], [A., Reggio, 2020])**

$\text{hom}_{\mathbf{CompOrd}}(-, [0, 1]): \mathbf{CompOrd}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathbf{Set}$  is monadic.



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**On the axiomatisability of the dual of compact ordered spaces.**

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Thank you!



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**Stone-Gelfand duality for metrically complete lattice-ordered groups.**

Preprint at [arxiv.org/abs/2210.15341](https://arxiv.org/abs/2210.15341).



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